

BOARD GOVERNANCE POLICY			
Adopted	February 24, 2015		
Last Revised	September 3, 2024		
Motion	2024-09-1253		

CODE OF CONDUCT: BOARD MEMBERS (TRUSTEES)

1. PURPOSE

Moosonee District School Area Board has developed this Code of Conduct to contribute to confidence in public education and to confirm community respect for the integrity of Trustees. It is intended to describe acceptable and respectful behaviours for members of the Board.

2. **GUIDING PRINCIPLES**

- 2.1 A Trustee position is an elected position which carries with it the understanding that the electorate will decide at election time its support for the effectiveness of a Trustee. At the same time, it is important to recognize the public trust and responsibility the collective body carries and that this trust and responsibility is honoured through determining and enforcing norms of acceptable behaviour.
- 2.2 The Board is committed to ensuring that Trustees adopt attitudes and conduct that reflect a clear sense of their responsibility to conduct the business of the Board in the best interests of its students, staff, and the organization. By committing to a Code of Conduct, Trustees demonstrate leadership and accountability, and therefore merit the trust of the public and Board staff.

3. POLICY: CODE OF CONDUCT

3.1 Integrity and Dignity of Office

- a) Trustees of the Moosonee District School Area Board shall discharge their duties loyally, faithfully, impartially, and in a manner that will inspire public confidence in the abilities and integrity of the Board.
- b) When acting or holding themself out as Trustees of the Board, a Trustee shall conduct themselves in a manner that would not discredit or compromise the integrity of the Board.
- c) When acting or holding themself out as a Trustee, the Trustee shall treat persons equally without discrimination based on a person's race, ancestry, place of origin, colour, ethnic origin, citizenship, creed, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, age, marital status, family status or disability.
- d) Trustees of the Board shall recognize that the expenditure of school board funds is a

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public trust and shall endeavour to see that the funds are expended efficiently, in the best interests of the students.

- e) Trustees, as leaders of the Board, must uphold the dignity of the office and conduct themselves in a professional manner, especially when attending Board events, or while on Board property.
- f) Trustees shall ensure that their comments are issue-based and not personal, demeaning, or disparaging with regard to Board staff or fellow Board members.
- g) Trustees shall endeavour to participate in Trustee development opportunities to enhance their ability to fulfill their obligations.

3.2 Avoidance of Personal Advantage and Conflict of Interest

- a) No Trustee shall accept a gift from any person or entity that has dealings with the Board if a reasonable person might conclude that the gift could influence the Trustee when performing their duties to the Board, unless
 - The gift is of nominal value,
 - The gift is given as an expression of courtesy or hospitality and
 - Accepting the gift is reasonable in the circumstances.
- b) A Trustee shall not use their office to advance the Trustee's interests or the interests of any family member or person or organization with whom or with which the Trustee is related or associated.
- c) No Trustee shall use their office to obtain employment with the Board for the Trustee or a family member.
- d) No Trustee shall use or permit the use of board resources for any purposes other than the business of the Board.

3.3 Compliance with Legislation

- a) A Trustee of the Board shall discharge their duties in accordance with the Education Act and any regulations, directives, or guidelines thereunder and comply with the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, and any other relevant legislation.
- b) Every Trustee of the Board shall comply with this Code of Conduct and uphold the spirit of the Code.
- c) Every Trustee shall respect and understand the roles and duties of the individual Trustees, Board of Trustees, the Director of Education, and the Chair of the Board.

3.4 Civil Behaviour

a) A Trustee of the Board shall not advance allegations of misconduct and/or a breach of this Code of Conduct that are trivial, frivolous, vexatious, made in bad faith, or

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vindictive in nature against another Trustee of the Board.

- b) When expressing individual views, Trustees shall respect the differing points of view of other Trustees on the Board, staff, students, and the public.
- c) Trustees shall at all times act with decorum and shall be respectful of other Trustees of the Board, staff, students, and the public.
- d) All Trustees of the Board shall endeavour to work with other Trustees of the Board and staff of the Board in a spirit of respect, openness, courtesy, and co-operation.

3.5 Respect for Confidentiality

- a) Every Trustee shall keep confidential any information disclosed or discussed at a meeting of the Board or committee of the Board, or part of a meeting of the Board or committee of the Board, that was closed to the public, and keep confidential the substance of deliberations of a meeting closed to the public, unless required to divulge such information by law or authorized by the Board to do so.
- b) No Trustee shall use confidential information for either personal gain or to the detriment of the Board. Confidential information includes personal information about an identifiable individual or information subject to solicitor-client privilege.
- c) No Trustee shall use confidential information, including confidential information obtained by them or made available to them in their role as a Trustee for the purpose of personal gain or for the gain of the Trustee's parent, spouse or child and shall not use such confidential information in a manner that would be detrimental to the interests of the Board. [Parent, spouse and child have the same meaning as in Section 1 of the Municipal Conflict of Interest Act.]

3.6 Upholding decisions

- a) All Trustees of the Board shall accept that authority rests with the Board, and that a Trustee has no individual authority other than that delegated by the Board.
- b) Each Trustee shall uphold the implementation of any Board resolution after it is passed by the Board. A proper motion for reconsideration or rescission, if permitted by the Board's rules of order, can be brought by a Trustee.
- c) A Trustee should be able to explain the rationale for a resolution passed by the Board. A Trustee may respectfully state his or her position on a resolution provided it does not in any way undermine the implementation of the resolution.
- d) Each Trustee shall comply with Board policies, procedures, by-laws, and rules of order.
- e) The Chair of the Board is the spokesperson to the public on behalf of the Board, unless otherwise determined by the Board. No other Trustee shall act as spokesperson to the public on behalf of the Board unless authorized by the Board. When individual Trustees express their opinions in public, they must make it clear that they are not speaking on

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behalf of the Board.

4. ENFORCEMENT OF THE CODE OF CONDUCT

4.1 Identifying a Breach of the Code

- a) A Trustee who has reasonable grounds to believe that a Trustee of the Board has breached the Board's Code of Conduct may bring the alleged breach to the attention of the Board. This is done through the chair of the Board.
- b) Any allegation of a breach of the Code of Conduct must be brought to the attention of the chair of the Board no later than six (6) weeks after the breach comes to the knowledge of the Trustee reporting the breach. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no circumstance shall an inquiry into a breach of the Code be undertaken after the expiration of six (6) months from the time the contravention is alleged to have occurred.
- c) Any allegation of a breach of the Code of Conduct shall be investigated following the Informal or Formal Complaint Procedures described below, as the case may be.
- d) It is expected that whenever possible, allegations of a breach of the Code of Conduct by a Trustee shall be investigated following the Informal Complaint Procedure. It is recognized that from time to time a contravention of the Code may occur that is trivial, or committed through inadvertence, or an error of judgment made in good faith. In the spirit of collegiality and the best interests of the Board, the first purpose of alerting a Trustee to a breach of the Code is to assist the Trustee in understanding his/her obligations under the Code. Only serious and/or reoccurring breaches of the Code by a Trustee should be investigated following the Formal Complaint Procedure.

4.2 Chair/Presiding Officer

- a) The Code of Conduct applies equally to the chair of the Board. In the case of an allegation of a breach of the Code by the chair, wherever a process requires action by the chair, it shall be modified to read the vice-chair of the Board.
- b) Each year two alternate Trustees shall be chosen by the Board to be used when the circumstance warrant that one or both Trustees are needed in place of the chair and/or vice-chair of the Board to carry out any of the duties required under this Code of Conduct and Enforcement. In no circumstance shall the Trustee who brought the complaint of a breach of the Code of Conduct be involved in conducting any formal inquiry into the complaint.
- c) Nothing in this Code prevents the chair or presiding officer of any meeting of the Board or committee of the Board from exercising their power pursuant to s. 207(3) of the Education Act to expel or exclude from any meeting any person who has been guilty of improper conduct at the meeting. For greater certainty, this may be done at the sole discretion of the chair or presiding officer, as the case may be, and without the necessity of a complaint or conducting an inquiry before an expulsion or exclusion from a meeting. The rationale for this provision is that a chair or presiding officer must have the ability to control a meeting. Any Trustee who does not abide by a reasonable expulsion or exclusion from a meeting is deemed to have breached this Code of

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Conduct.

- d) The chair of the Board or presiding officer of any meeting of the Board or committee of the Board shall exercise their powers in a fair and impartial manner having due regard for every Trustee's opinion or views.
- e) The chair of the Board or presiding officer shall follow the special rules of order of the Board and/or the adopted rules of order and meeting procedures contained in any policy or by-law of the Board. A breach of a rule of order should be dealt with at the meeting in question by a Trustee rising to a point of order or appealing a ruling of the chair in accordance with any applicable rule of order. Once such a motion is dealt with by the Board of Trustees, all Trustees shall abide by that decision and no further action shall be undertaken pursuant to the enforcement of the Code of Conduct, except for persistent improper use of the applicable rules of order by the chair or presiding officer.

4.3 Informal Complaint Procedure

- a) The chair of the Board on his/her own initiative, or at the request of a Trustee of the Board (without the necessity of providing a formal written complaint) who alleges a breach of the Code has occurred, may meet informally with a Trustee of the Board who is alleged to have breached the Code, to discuss the breach. The purpose of the meeting is to bring the allegation of the breach to the attention of the Trustee and to discuss remedial measures to correct the offending behaviour. The Informal Complaint Procedure is conducted in private.
- b) The remedial measures may include, for example, a warning, an apology, and/or the requirement of the Trustee to engage in the successful completion of professional development training such as that offered by the Ontario Education Services Corporation *Professional Development Program for School Board Trustees*. If the chair of the Board and the Trustee alleged to have breached this Code cannot agree on a remedy, then a formal complaint may be brought against the Trustee alleged to have breached this Code and that complaint will be dealt with in accordance with the Formal Complaint Procedure described below.

4.4 Formal Complaint Procedure

- a) A Trustee who has reasonable grounds to believe that another Trustee of the Board has breached the Board's Code of Conduct may bring the breach to the attention of the Board by first providing to the chair of the Board a written, signed complaint setting out the following: (i) the name of the Trustee who is alleged to have breached the Code; (ii) the alleged breach or breaches of the Code; (iii) information as to when the breach came to the Trustee's attention; (iv) the grounds for the belief by the Trustee that a breach of the Code has occurred; and (v) the names and contact information of any witnesses to the breach or any other persons who have relevant information regarding the alleged breach. Except as provided below, if a written complaint is filed with the chair of the Board then a formal inquiry shall be undertaken, unless the complainant subsequently withdraws the complaint or agrees that the complaint may be dealt with in accordance with the Informal Complaint Procedure.
- b) In an election year for Trustees, a Code of Conduct complaint respecting a Trustee

who is seeking re-election shall not be brought during the period commencing two months prior to Election Day and ending after the first Board meeting after the new term of office of the Board commences. If the Trustee accused of a breach of the Code is not re-elected, no inquiry into the alleged breach of the Code by that Trustee shall be undertaken. The limitation period for bringing a complaint shall be extended as necessary.

c) The chair of the Board shall provide to all Trustees of the Board a confidential copy of the complaint within ten (10) days of receiving it. The complaint, any response to the complaint, and the investigation of the complaint shall be confidential until it is before the Board of Trustees for a decision as to whether or not the Trustee has breached this Code.

4.5 Refusal to Conduct Formal Inquiry

- a) If the chair and vice-chair of the Board are of the opinion that the complaint is out of time, trivial, frivolous, vexatious, or not made in good faith, or that there are no grounds or insufficient grounds for a formal inquiry, a formal inquiry shall not be conducted and a confidential report stating the reasons for not doing so shall be provided to all Trustees of the Board.
- b) If the chair and vice-chair of the Board cannot agree on the above then a full formal inquiry shall be conducted.
- c) If an allegation of a breach of the Code of Conduct on its face is with respect to the non-compliance with a more specific Board policy with a separate complaint procedure, the allegation shall be processed under that procedure.

4.6 Steps of Formal Inquiry

- a) If a formal inquiry of an allegation of a breach of the Code of Conduct is undertaken, it shall be done by the chair and vice-chair of the Board, if appropriate, or any two of the chair, vice-chair and the alternate Trustees, or an outside consultant chosen by the chair and vice-chair.
- b) Regardless of who undertakes the formal inquiry the following steps shall be followed.
- c) The Statutory Powers Procedure Act does not apply to anything done regarding the enforcement of this Code of Conduct. No formal trial-type hearing will be conducted.
- d) Procedural fairness and the rules of natural justice shall govern the formal inquiry. The formal inquiry will be conducted in private.
- e) The formal inquiry may involve both written and oral statements by any witnesses, the Trustee bringing the complaint, and the Trustee who is alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct.
- f) The Trustee who is alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct shall have an opportunity to respond to the allegations both in a private meeting with the person(s)

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undertaking the formal inquiry, and in writing.

- g) It is expected that the formal inquiry will be conducted within a reasonable period of time which will depend on the circumstances of the case. The Trustee who is alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct shall provide a written response to the allegations within ten (10) days of receiving the written allegation, or such extended period of the time as the investigators deem appropriate in the circumstance.
- h) If the Trustee who is alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct refuses to participate in the formal inquiry, the formal inquiry will continue in his/her absence.
- i) Once the formal inquiry is complete, the investigators shall provide a confidential draft copy of their report containing the findings of fact to the Trustee who is alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct and the Trustee who brought the complaint for their written comment to the investigator(s). The purpose of providing the draft report to the parties is to ensure no errors of fact are contained in it. The two Trustees shall have ten (10) days (or such reasonable period of time as deemed appropriate by the investigators) from the receipt of the draft report to provide a written response.
- j) The final report shall outline the finding of facts, but not contain a recommendation or opinion as to whether the Code of Conduct has been breached. This will be determined by the Board of Trustees as a whole.
- k) If the chair and vice-chair of the Board when conducting the formal inquiry cannot agree on the final finding of facts, it shall be referred to an outside investigator to complete the formal inquiry.

4.7 Suspension of Formal Inquiry

If the investigators, when conducting the formal inquiry, discover that the subject-matter of the formal inquiry is being investigated by police, that a charge has been laid, or is being dealt with in accordance with a procedure established under another *Act*, the formal inquiry shall be suspended until the police investigation, charge, or matter under another Act has been finally disposed of. This shall be reported to the rest of the Board of Trustees.

4.8 **Decision**

- a) The final report shall be delivered to the Board of Trustees, and a decision by the Board of Trustees as to whether or not the Code of Conduct has been breached and the sanction, if any, for the breach shall be made as soon as practical after receipt of the final report by the Board.
- b) Trustees shall consider only the findings in the final report when voting on the decision and sanction. No Trustee shall undertake his or her own investigation of the matter.
- c) If the Board of Trustees determines that there has been no breach of the Code of Conduct or that a contravention occurred, although the Trustee took all reasonable measurers to prevent it, or that a contravention occurred that was trivial, or committed through inadvertence, or an error of judgment made in good faith, no sanction shall be

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imposed.

d) The determination of a breach of the Code of Conduct and the imposition of a sanction with respect to a complaint investigated in accordance with the Formal Complaint Procedure must be done by resolution of the Board at a meeting of the Board, and the vote on the resolution shall be open to the public. The resolutions shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting. The reasons for the decision shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting. Both resolutions shall be decided by a vote of at least 2/3 of the Trustees of the Board present and voting.

- e) Despite s. 207 (1) of the *Education Act*, the part of the meeting of the Board during which a breach or alleged breach of the Board's Code of Conduct is considered may be closed to the public when the breach or alleged breach involves any of the matters described in clauses 207(2), being as follows:
 - the security of the property of the board;
 - the disclosure of intimate, personal, or financial information in respect of a member of the board or committee, an employee or prospective employee of the board or a pupil or his or her parent or guardian;
 - the acquisition or disposal of a school site;
 - decisions in respect of negotiations with employees of the board; or
 - litigation affecting the board.
- f) The Trustee who is alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct shall not vote on a resolution to determine whether or not there is a breach or the imposition of a sanction. The Trustee who brought the complaint to the attention of the Board may vote on those resolutions.
- g) The Trustee who is alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct may be present during the deliberations regarding the above but shall not participate in the deliberations, and shall not be required to answer any questions at that meeting.
- h) The Trustee who is alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct shall not in any way, after the final report is completed, influence the vote on the decision of breach or sanction, except as permitted below after these decisions have been made.
- i) If the Board determines that the Trustee has breached the Board's Code of Conduct, the Board may impose one or more of the following sanctions:
 - Censure of the Trustee.
 - Barring the Trustee from attending all or part of a meeting of the Board or a meeting of a committee of the Board.
 - Barring the member from sitting on one or more committees of the Board, for the period of time specified by the Board.
- j) The Board shall not impose a sanction which is more onerous than the above, but may impose one that is less onerous such as a warning or a requirement that the Trustee successfully complete specified professional development courses at the expense of the Board. The Board has no power to declare the Trustee's seat vacant.

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- k) A Trustee who is barred from attending all or part of a meeting of the Board or a meeting of a committee of the Board is not entitled to receive any materials that relate to that meeting or that part of the meeting and that are not available to members of the public.
- The imposition of a sanction barring a Trustee from attending all or part of a meeting of the Board shall be deemed to be authorization for the Trustee to be absent from the meeting, and therefore not in violation of the Education Act regarding absences from meetings.

4.9 Reconsideration

- a) If the Board determines that a Trustee has breached the Board's Code of Conduct the Board shall give the Trustee written notice of the determination, the reasons for the decision, and any sanction imposed by the Board.
- b) The notice shall inform the Trustee that he or she may make written submissions to the Board in respect of the determination or sanction by the date specified in the notice that is at least fourteen (14) days after the notice is received by the Trustee.
- c) The Board shall consider any submissions made by the Trustee and shall confirm or revoke the determination or sanction within fourteen (14) days after the submissions are received.
- d) If the Board revokes a determination, any sanction imposed by the Board is revoked.
- e) If the Board confirms a determination, the Board shall, within the fourteen (14) days above, confirm, vary, or revoke the sanction.
- f) If a sanction is varied or revoked, the variation or revocation shall be deemed to be effective as of the date the original determination was made.
- g) The Board decisions to confirm or revoke a determination or confirm, vary, or revoke a sanction shall be done by resolution at a meeting of the Board and the vote on the resolution shall be open to the public. The resolutions shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting together with the reasons for confirming or revoking a determination. The Board shall provide to the Trustee alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct written notice of the decision to confirm or revoke the determination together with reasons for the decision and written notice of any decision to confirm, vary, or revoke a sanction. The Trustee alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct shall not vote on those resolutions. The Trustee who brought the complaint may vote.
- h) The Trustee who is alleged to have breached the Code of Conduct may be present during the deliberations regarding the above but may not participate in the deliberations and shall not be required to answer any questions at that meeting.
- i) If appropriate, the original sanction may be stayed pending the reconsideration by the Board of the determination or sanction.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND UNDERTAKING

I confirm that I have read, understand, and agree to abide by the Board's Code of Conduct and the enforcement procedures.

DATE:	
Please Print Name:	

REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

Legal:

Ontario Regulation 312/24 Members of School Boards – Code of Conduct Education Act S 207 (1 & 2) Open and Closed Meetings of the Board Education Act S 207 (3) Exclusion of Persons by Presiding Officer Education Act S 218.2 Code of Conduct for Members of the Board Education Act S 218.3 Enforcement of Code of Conduct Municipal Conflict of Interest Act Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act

Board:

Board Policy GOV-01 Board Philosophy, Goals, and Values Board Policy GOV-03 Role of the Corporate Board Board Policy GOV-09 Safe Schools: Board Code of Conduct Board Policy GOV-16 Conflict of Interest: Trustees and Staff

Resource:

Ontario Public School Boards' Association (OPSBA). Template: School Board Member (Trustee) Code of Conduct https://www.opsba.org/advocacy-and-action/Trustee-issues/

Note: This MDSAB Board policy follows the OPSBA template.

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